

1 punished by a fine of not more than \$10,000 or by imprison-
2 ment for not more than one year, or by both such fine and
3 imprisonment.

4 ENFORCEMENT

5 SEC. 6. (a) To the extent necessary or appropriate
6 to the enforcement of this Act, the head of any department
7 or agency exercising any functions hereunder (and officers
8 or employees of such department or agency specifically
9 designated by the head thereof) may make such investiga-
10 tions and obtain such information from, require such reports
11 or the keeping of such records by, make such inspection of
12 the books, records, and other writings, premises, or property
13 of, and take the sworn testimony of, any person. In addi-
14 tion, such officers or employees may administer oaths or
15 affirmations, and may by subpoena require any person to
16 appear and testify or to appear and produce books, records,
17 and other writings, or both, and in case of contumacy by,
18 or refusal to obey a subpoena issued to, any such person,
19 the district court for any district in which such person is
20 found or resides or transacts business, upon application, shall
21 have jurisdiction to issue an order requiring such person to
22 appear and give testimony or to appear and produce books,
23 records, and other writings, or both, and any failure to obey
24 such order of the court may be punished by such court as a
25 contempt thereof.

1 (b) No person shall be excused from complying with
2 any requirements under this section because of his privilege
3 against self-incrimination, but the immunity provisions of
4 the Compulsory Testimony Act of February 11, 1893 (27
5 Stat. 443), shall apply with respect to any individual who
6 specifically claims such privilege.

7 (c) No department or agency exercising any functions
8 under this Act shall publish or disclose information obtained
9 hereunder which is deemed confidential or with reference
10 to which a request for confidential treatment is made by the
11 person furnishing such information unless the head of such
12 department or agency determines that the withholding
13 thereof is contrary to the national interest.

14 EXEMPTION FROM ADMINISTRATIVE PROCEDURE ACT

15 SEC. 7. The functions exercised under this Act shall be
16 excluded from the operation of the Administrative Procedure
17 Act (60 Stat. 237), except as to the requirements of section
18 3 thereof.

19 QUARTERLY REPORT

20 SEC. 8. The head of any department or agency exercis-
21 ing any functions under this Act shall make a quarterly
22 report, within forty-five days after each quarter, to the
23 President and to the Congress of his operations hereunder.

24 DEFINITION

25 SEC. 9. The term "person" as used herein shall include

1 the singular and the plural and any individual, partnership,
2 corporation, or other form of association, including any
3 government or agency thereof.

4 EFFECT ON OTHER ACTS

5 SEC. 10. The Act of February 15, 1936 (49 Stat.
6 1140), relating to the licensing of exports of tin-plate scrap,
7 is hereby superseded; but nothing contained in this Act shall
8 be construed to modify, repeal, supersede, or otherwise affect
9 the provisions of any other laws authorizing control over
10 exports of any commodity.

11 EFFECTIVE DATE

12 SEC. 11. This Act shall take effect February 28, 1949;
13 upon the expiration of section 6 of the Act of July 2, 1940
14 (54 Stat. 714), as amended. All outstanding delegations,
15 regulations, orders, licenses, or other forms of administra-
16 tive action under said section 6 of the Act of July 2, 1940,
17 shall, until amended or revoked, remain in full force and
18 effect, the same as if promulgated under this Act.

19 TERMINATION DATE

20 SEC. 12. The authority granted herein shall terminate
21 on June 30, 1951, or upon any prior date which the
22 Congress by concurrent resolution or the President may
23 designate.

CLERK OF THE HOUSE
1ST SESSION

S. 548

A BILL

To provide for continuation of authority for the regulation of exports, and for other purposes.

By Mr. MAYBANK

JANUARY 18, 1949

Read twice and referred to the Committee on Banking and Currency